

The Quantum View of the World

Boston - Oct. 1982

Introduction

1. In November 1979 Prof. D'Espagnat published an article in Scientific American with the title 'The Quantum Theory and Reality!'. The sub-heading read as follows:
"The doctrine that the world is made up of objects whose existence is independent of human consciousness turns out to be in conflict with QM and with facts established by experiment"

- Created a furor among physicists
what are these experiments
which enable us to do experimental
metaphysics?

2. On 28th Aug. 1981 The Times carried a report headed 'Random events over-run Einstein'.

In what sense is this claim true?

3. Interaction of philosophical and scientific problems in the understanding of QM.

Book 51

Phil. & Phys. Phys.

-100 -1 0 +1 +102

4. Minimal instrumental (statistical) interpretation of QM used by physicists.
But Einstein, Schrödinger and Bohr sought to provide a 'conceptual understanding' of

Now four

$$\begin{aligned} \gamma_n &= a_n b_n + a_n b_n' + a_n' b_n - a_n' b_n' \\ &= a_n (b_n + b_n') + a_n' (b_n - b_n') \end{aligned}$$

So $\gamma_n = \pm 2$.

$$\frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^N \gamma_n = c(a, b) + c(a, b') + c(a', b) - c(a', b') \leq 2$$

where $c(a, b) = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^N a_n b_n$, etc.

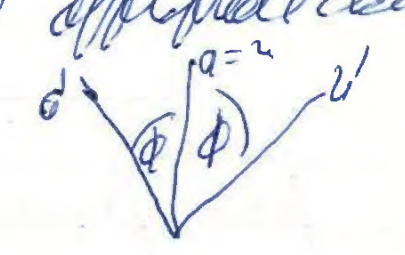
$c(a, b)$ are correlation coefficients.

$\overline{a_n b_n} =$ covariance of random variables a_n, b_n

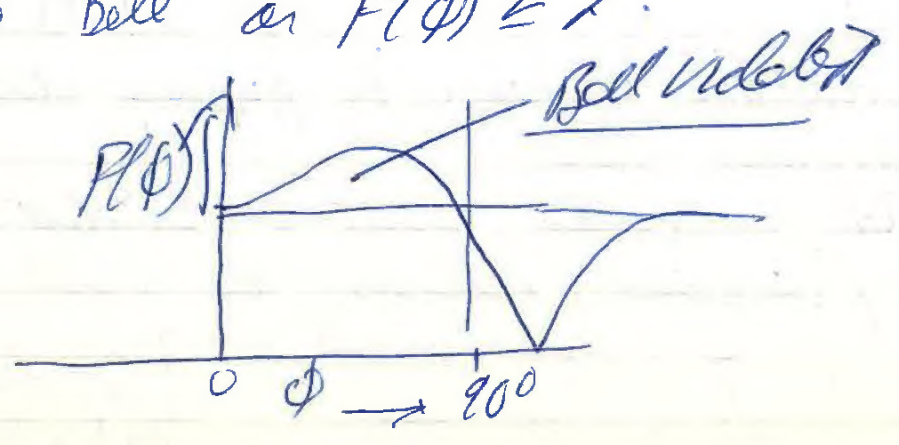
(V.B. Correlation Coeff. = $\frac{\text{Covariance}}{\sqrt{\text{product of variances}}}$ in this case variances are all 1)

Then into Bell Inequality -

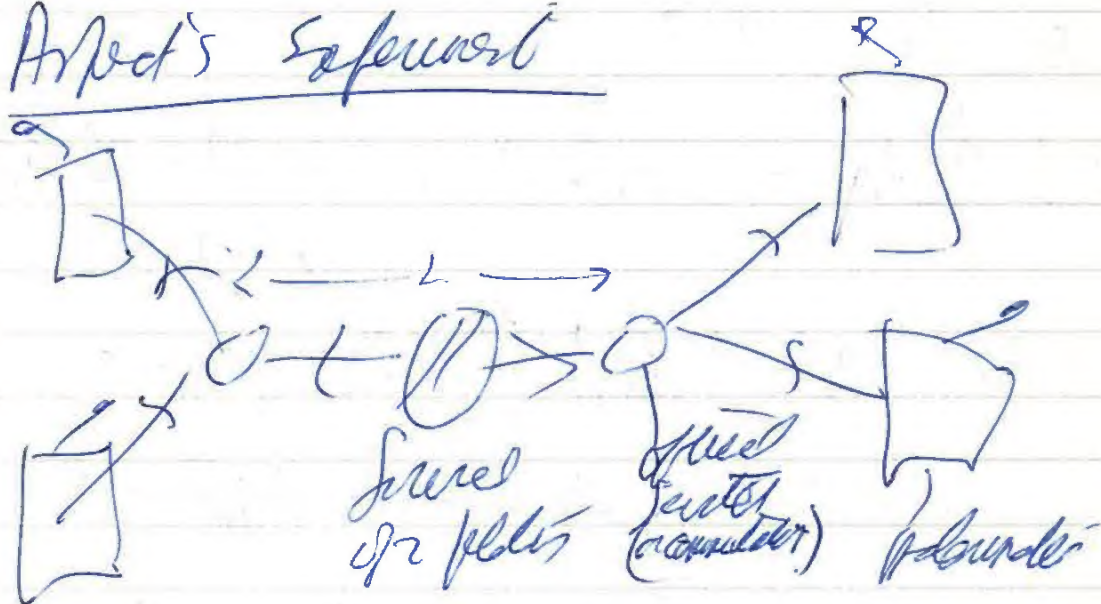
It is violated by QM for different choices of directions a, a', b, b' .
Eq. all directions coplanar



Write Bell as $F(\phi) \leq 2$.



Arpa's experiment



Signal is provided by a very high frequency acoustic wave standing wave induced in a crystal - acts as a variable diffraction grating
Modulation frequency is of order 200 MHz.

$$L = 6 \text{ metres} \quad \frac{L}{c} = 2 \times 10^{-8} \text{ sec} \\ = 20 \times 10^{-9} \text{ sec} \\ = 20 \text{ nanoseconds}$$

$$\text{freq frequency} \approx \frac{10^8}{2} \approx 50 \text{ Million cycles/sec} \\ = 50 \text{ MHz.}$$

NB. Modulation of beam by frequency double that of acoustic wave.

Switch is driven with a random deviation of its frequency between 200 & 250 MHz.

$$T \approx 0.5 \times 10^{-8} \text{ sec.} \\ \Delta f \approx 10^{-8} \text{ sec.}$$

} So switch changes in $\frac{1}{2}$ time of flight of wave from source to detector